GOLD

Map No.	Name of claim, mine, or group	Location	Owner (Name, address)	Geology	Remarks and references
	Adair	Not determined. (Los Burros district)	H. C. Clair, Santa Cruz (1940)		U.S. Bureau of Mines records show a production of 3 ounces gold and 5 ouncessilver in 1940 by H. C. Clair; 5 tons of ore concentrated to 1 ton.
38	Ajax	NE1/4 sec. 1, T. 24 S., R. 5 E., M.D., Los Burros district, just south of Mariposa claim.	Not determined	Small, irregular veins of quartz and calcite in Franciscan sandstone, all of which is crushed. Vein matter on dump appears barren, except for some vugs and minor sulfides.	Unpatented claim located June 1887 by a man named Fancher. Developed by a 219-foot tunnel and a 21-foot crosscut 146 feet from portal where vein 3-4 feet thick encountered (Irelan 88:409). Ore was reportedly shipped to a mill at Mansfield in 1903, but there is no record of production. Claim probably was relocated in part as the Ora F No. 1 prior to 1908. Workings cleaned out a little in late 1930's, but idle and inaccessible in 1959.
39	Alice Quartz	S1/2 sec. 35, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D., adjoins Buclimo to the southeast.	Howard Hilton, Los Bur- ros, Virginia Swanson, Salinas, and H. Stevens (1959)	Small quartz veins trending N. 60° W. (?) in crushed Franciscan sandstone.	Lode claim located in 1889 and patented 1892. Developed by 2 short adits and a shaft. One tunnel, sealed off with concrete, serves as a water supply for Melville claims to the northwest; other workings reported to be inaccessible. Apparently some production between 1889 and 1892, but records do not verify. Idle 1959.
40	Ancona (Brewery)	SE1/4 sec. 34, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., In Los Burros district on north side of Willow Creek road.	Art Sherman and Archie Hammond, 1015 Shell St., Pacific Grove (1959)		Old lode claim intermittently developed 1887–1959. (Irelan 88:409; Waring and Bradley 19:603; Hill 23:328; Laizure 25: 38; Franke 35:463; Engrg. & Min. J. 58: 31–32; herein).
	Bauman claims	NW1/4 sec. 3, NE1/4 sec. 4, T. 24 S. and SE1/4 sec. 33, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D., in Los Burros district on south fork of Willow Creek.	Multiple ownership (partly on homestead properties of Lon Phillips of Coa- linga and Les Byers) (1959)	Three-foot vein of black talc and quartz with slate and sandstone hanging wall and slate footwall reported. (Franke 35:464)	Beginning in 1931, this group of claims (Substantial, Providence, Existence placer claims, Olivine, One Dollar, Prince Bismark lode claims) developed by a 200-foot adit and 16-foot drift (Olivine claim) and a 110-foot tunnel with crosscuts 76 and 50 feet long (Providence claim). (Franke 35:464). Claims are a relocation in part of the Spruce Creek placer deposits (which see). Idle 1959.
	Benn and Smith claims	Sec. 27(?), T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D. on Willow Creek.	Not determined		2 placer claims reportedly located near confluence "north and south forks" of Willow Creek in 1934 (Franke 35:463). Also see Rocky Bar.
	Big Sandy Creek	Not determined	Not determined	************************	Gold reportedly mined from placers on Big Sandy Creek near Slack's Canyon (Angel 90:345).
	Black Crystal	Sec. 3 or 4, T. 24 S., R. 5 E., M.D., Los Burros district.	Not determined	Serpentine and Franciscan sandstone (?).	Early lode claim extensively prospected without suc- cess by Moor Bros. and Company after finding placer gold in gulch below (Irelan 88:408).
		The second secon	Para Approximation of the American September 1997 (1997)		See PLASKETT.
	McNeil			*********************	See PLASKETT.
			Contraction of the second seco		See Manchester (also Blue Jay No. 1)
41	Blue Jay No. 1	NE1/4 sec. 2, T. 24 S., R. 5 E., M.D., Los Burros district.	W. & R. Pugh, Rte. 1, Box 92, Soledad, and John Lazier (1959)	Franciscan sandstone near adit badly crushed and contorted, but roughly strikes east-west and dips 45°N. Dump material consists of vein quartz associated with calcite in sandstone and slaty gouge. Mineralization appeared limited to a few minor specks of arsenopyrite (?).	South of the Mary S Extension and north of the Blue Jay No. 2. Developed by an adit driven north and now caved. Previously worked by S. M. Pugh, but there is no record of production. However, past proudction suggested by presence of 5-stamp mill located a few 100 feet south of adit on Blue Jay No. 2. Idle 1959. Claim is a relocation, of the south part of the Manchester (which see). Also reported to be part of the Mariposa (which see`. (Waring and Bradley 19:605).
1.0	Blue Jay No. 2				See Blue Jay No. 1
	Boos	Not determined	Not determined		Unpublished records show that G. E. Boos of Jolon produced 55.5 ounces of placer gold in 1902, but the location of the deposit is not known. The gold had a fineness of 871.
	Boynton	Not determined	Not determined		A specimen of auriferous chalcopyrite and pyrite in quartz is on display at the Mineral Exhibit (Monterey County case) of the California Div. of Mines and Geology in San Francisco. The gold specimen (No. 120) is stated to be from the Boynton mine near Soledad and was donated by U. Boynton about 1880. No other record of the Boynton mine is known.
	Brewery		**********	***************************************	See Ancona.
	Brooklyn	SE1/4 sec. 36, T. 23 S., or NE1/4 sec. 1, T. 24 S., R. 5 E., M.D., Los Burros district.	Not determined	Franciscan sandstone and "slate" cut by stringers of quartz bear- ing free gold.	Developed by open cuts, no record of production, idle many years. Lies parallel and adjacent to the New York claim. Claim was relocated as the New Deal in 1934 by William Cruiskhank. (Waring and Bradley 19:603, Laizure 25:38, Franke 35:463).
	Brown Eagle Nos. 1, 2 and 3	Not determined	Philip Krieger (1925)		Claims located about 1923. (Laizure 25:41).
42	Buclimo (Last Chance, Cruikshank)	SE14 sec. 35, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D., Los Burros district.	Buclimo Mining Co., c/o Rudolph Ernst, 1361 7th Ave., San Francisco (1959)	COCHOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCO	The most important gold mine in Monterey County, presently consists of the patented Last Chance, Mary S, Mary S Extension, West Extension, Pansy Fraction, East Extension and Pine claims and the unpatented Perry and Ora F No. 2 claims. Significant development and production confined to the

Map No.	Name of claim, mine, or group	Location	Owner (Name, address)	Geology	Remarks and references
	Buclimo (Last Chance; Cruikshank)—Cont.				Last Chance claim (see Buclimo herein) and Ora F No. 2 (See Grizzly herein). (Irelan 88:405–407; Preston 93:260, 261; Crawford 94:184; Crawford 96:234; Davis 12:697–698; Waring and Bradley 19:603–604; Hill 23:327–328; Laizure 25:39; Franke 35:463).
43	Bushnell(Green Gold; Yellow Quartz)	S½ sec. 22, T. 23 S., R 5 E., M.D.	Stewart Kinder, Los Bur- ros, c/o Big Sur (1962)		Lode mine consisting of 3 unpatented claims. Discovered about 1904 and developed intermittently since then. Minor production recorded 1912 and 1935; larger production reported. Active 1962. (Hill 23:326, Laizure 25:39; Franke 35:463; herein).
	Bushness	Not determined	Not determined (was John Bushness (?) 1919).	Quartz vein in ''slate''	Discovered in 1911 (Davis 12:698). Located on "Spruce" Creek; developed by 50-foot tunnel and one-stamp mill (Waring and Bradley 19:604). Probably misspelling of Bushnell (which see).
44	Calizona	S½ sec. 17, T. 24 S., R. 6 E., M.D., lies on west bank Salmon Creek.	Gerald Doyle, Watsonville (1959)		Old placer claim said to have been worked around 1900. 10-inch pipe reported on claim indicates gravel or soil debris may have been sluiced. No production known. Previously located by John Evans. Accessible by trail only.
	Carmel River area				See introductory text to Gold section (herein).
	Charleston (Grand Pacific)	SE ¹ / ₄ sec. 35, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D., Los Burros district.		15-inch quartz vein dips 70° W. at surface, but narrows to 4 inches and changes direction below surface.	Discovered in 1887 and worked until about 1893. Developed by 50-foot shaft and other workings (Irelan 88:407-408), Preston 93:260). In 1889, a tunnel to drain this mine was begun, but never completed. This claim is partly relocated as the Pansy Fraction (see Buclimo).
45	Cholame Grant (Gold Hill area)	Sec. 21 and 22, T. 24 S., R. 15 E., M.D., 7 miles southeast of Parkfield	Howard Jack, Cholame Ranch (1960)		Gravel deposits in a series of gulches have yielded some placer gold at "Gold Hill" (Waring and Bradley 19:606; Laizure 25:42; herein, under introduction to Gold section).
	Condor Group	S½ sec. 35, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D., Los Burros district.	Not determined. (was Wm. McPhie, 1935)		4 unpatented claims (Condor and others) adjoining the Melville group and Alice claim to the north; mentioned by Franke (35:463). Reportedly de- veloped by a 100-foot adit. Previously known as the New Era; recently relocated as the Lucky Moe (which see) and other claims.
46	Cool Springs	NE 1/4 sec. 1, T. 24 S., R. 5 E., M.D., Los Burros district	William Krenkel, Jolon (1959)	Sheared Franciscan sandstone cut by veins of quartz reported to contain free gold.	Unpatented lode claim located in 1900. Reportedly developed by a 200-foot adit driven southeast and a 40-foot inclined shaft, both caved, a 120-foot adit driven to east was blocked by an ore car at time of visit. James Krenkel and S. O. Pugh milled some ore in an arrastra in 1902, but no production recorded. However, minor production of gold made in 1906 and 1907 under the name Cold Springs. Idle 1959. (Also see Oregon).
	Cruikshank				See Buclimo.
	East Extension No. 1 (North Extension)	SE1/4 sec. 35, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D.	Buclimo Mining Co., San Francisco (1959)		Patented lode claim now part of the Buclimo mine (which see). A relocation of the North Extension, which was mentioned by Preston (93:260).
	Evergreen Placer	Not determined	Philip Krieger (1925)		Claim mentioned by Laizure (25:41). No known development.
	Existence	A C16 C0 T	Abel A. Collins, Salinas		See Bauman claims. Listed by Laizure (25:41). No known development
	Fighting Bob No. 1	Approximately S½ sec. 22, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D.	(1925)		or production.
	Gilbert	Probably sec. 21, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M. D.	Not determined		A specimen of auriferous pyrite and arsenopyrite in quartz from this claim is on display at the Division of Mines Mineral Exhibit (Monterey Co. case), San Francisco. The exact location of this claim is not known, but F. K. Gilbert had claims in sec. 21 and 22, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., during the 1930's, which are probably now relocated (see Logwood or Goodrich). Philo Fritz who donated the specimen (No. 20694) in August 1936, also is known to have located claims in sec. 21.
47	Gillis claims	SE1/4 sec. 33, T. 23 S. and NE1/4 sec. 4, T. 24 S., R. 5 E., M.D.	Situated on homestead land owned by Lon Phillips, Coalinga (sec. 33), and Les Byers (sec. 4) (1959).	Franciscan rocks and serpentine cut by thin quartz veins and overlain by minor gravel and talus along "Spruce" (South Fork of Willow) Creek.	Franke (35:463) mentions that J. C. and Raymond Gillis worked placer ground on "Spruce" Creek in early 1930's. Records show that F. J. Gillis produced 3 ounces of placer gold in 1933 from his Nugget Gulch claim. In 1935 and 1939, 5.3 ounces of placer gold were produced on the same claim or nearby from "bench" gravels along the creek by J. C. Gillis and H. B. Krenkle. Development in this vicinity consists of minor pits in talus along the creek, where virtually no gravel was observed. Nearby, to the north are 3 short adits driven northeasterly into sandstone or serpentine. Only the most easterly adit appears to have encountered quartz veins, and these were thin and non-mineralized. (Also see herein, under Spruce Creek)

Map No.	Name of claim, mine, or group	Location	Owner (Name, address)	Geology	Remarks and references
	Gold Hill area				See Cholame Grant.
	Gold Ore No. 2	Sec. 35, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D., Los Burros district.	Not determined	Franciscan Formation cut by small vein carrying free gold.	Developed by a 67-foot adit (Laizure 25:41). Relocated by a Mr. Henderson of Paso Robles (Franke 35:464). No known production.
48	Goodrich,	W½, sec. 21, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D.	Marty Hess, Los Burros, c/o Big Sur (1959)	Mainly Franciscan sandstone, lo- cally sheared. Owner reports vein quartz and bluish fault gouge carries free gold asso- ciated with sulfides in accessible adit.	Claim located about 1900 by John Bushnell and later owned by Fred Stalter. Workings consist of 3 adits, 2 of which were driven westerly and are now caved. A third tunnel extends 320 feet toward the south and is accessible. No record of production, but some gold reportedly produced shortly after 1900. The claim adjoins the Queen Hattle to the south.
49		NE½ sec. 4, T. 24 S., R. 5 E., M.D., on south fork Willow Creek.		*	Apparently located just east of the Gillis claims, this mine was worked in 1908 by Gorda Mining Co., yielding 40 ounces of gold and 11 ounces of silver. Small lode gold production by the Ralston Mining Co. in 1907 may have come from this same mine (see Spruce Creek placer). The workings were not definitely located and are probably caved. Waring and Bradley (19:604–605) state the mine was developed by a 50-foot drift with a 20-foot raise at the end in loose Franciscan sandstone, along the south side of the Creek. (Davis 12:697) Hill 23: 328–329, Laizure 25–39, Franke 35:463).
	Grand Pacific		The second secon		See Charleston.
	Great Ruby Gold Mining Co.	Not determined	Not determined	***************	Unpublished records show that the Great Ruby Gold Mining Co. of Jolon produced 6 ounces of gold and 4 ounces of silver from a lode mine in Monterey County in 1910.
	Green Gold			************	See Bushnell.
50	Grizzly (Ora F No. 2)	SW1/4 sec. 36, T. 23 S., R. 5E., M.D.	Buclimo Mining Co., 1361 7th Ave., San Francisco (1959)	*********************	Old lode claim; productive 1890, 1902–04. (Crawford 94:184; Hill 23:327; herein.)
	Hammond claims	Approximately NW1/4 sec. 35, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D.	Not determined	Franciscan sandstone and slate (?) mineralized by pyrite and chal- copyrite along fracture zones trending N 80° W (Hill 23: 326, 328)	Claims prospected by F. C. Hammond in 1920; developed by surface cuts (Hill 23:326, 328). Re- located by H. Melville prior to 1935 (Franke 35:463); probably now part of the Melville (which see.)
	Holly-Berry				See Plaskett.
	Howard				See Plaskett.
			Fred Vaughn, c/o Gorda Station, Big Sur (1959)	Recent stream gravel	Placer claim located at the confluence of North Fork Willow Creek and a north tributary. Probably a relocation of the Plaskett placer (which see). It is reported that after the old Plaskett cabin abbutnet 955, the present owner worked the gravels upon which the cabin was situated and produced some gold, including a nugget worth \$600. There is no record of production for this claim and the nugget is said to have been kept as a specimen.
	Jolon	Not determined	Not determined	AKSIT MERAKAMPARAMETAKAN	Unpublished records show that a minor amount of lode gold and silver was produced in 1912 by C. Turner. The gold was reportedly obtained from 50 tons of free-milling ore.
	Jolon area	***********			See introduction to Gold section (herein).
	Kenner claim	Sec. 27(?), T. 23 S., R. 5 E	Wm. and Templeton Ken- ner (1934)	*************************************	Lode claim located in 1934 near the confluence of the "north and south" forks of Willow Creek (Franke 35:463). No known production or de- velopment.
	King	Near NW corner sec. 1, T. 24 S., R. 5 E., M.D.	Not determined	An 18-inch vein of quartz striking northwest and dipping 40° in "slate" and sandstone (Pres- ton 93:262).	Developed by 2 adits driven north, 100 and 150 feet long, and 3 shafts the deepest being 130 feet and inclined. The quartz ore was crushed in a 12-foot diameter arrastra. No record of production. (Irelan 88:409; Preston 93:262, map; Waring and Bradley 19:605). Apparently relocated about the turn of the century partly as the McKinley (see Mariposa), Ora F No. 2 (which see) and Perry.
	Last Chance		**********		See Buclimo.
	Lilac		***********	**********	See Plaskett.
	Lodi	NW1/4 sec. 1, T. 24 S., R. 5 E., M.D.	Paul Acquistapace, Los Burros, c/o Big Sur (1959)	Franciscan sandstone, which strikes northeast and dips 40° SE, cut by veinlets of quartz and cal- cite which appear to be non- mineralized	Workings consist of an adit 150 feet long, driven southeast since 1937, and 2 inaccessible adits 50 and 100 feet long. No known production. Claim is reported to be a relocation in part of the McKinley (see Mariposa) and before that the King (which see). Owner also located Lodi No. 2 and Lodi No. 3 in 1938 to the south and possibly are relocations of the Lucky Jim (which see).

Map No.	Name of claim, mine, or group	Location	Owner (Name, address)	Geology	Remarks and references
	Logwood	N½ sec. 21, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D., astride Plaskett Ridge	Mrs. Sybella Luneta Thelan, Gorda Station, c/o Big Sur (1959)	Sheared and fractured Franciscan sandstone and slate striking N 15° E and dipping 45° W. Fractures filled with quartz veinlets which generally strike northwest and dip steeply northeast. Vuggy quartz on dump suggests possible mineralization	Relocated in 1957, adjoins Goodrich claim to the south. Developed by several older cuts and a shallow shaft. Some free-milling gold reportedly produced from an inclined shaft (caved) in the 1930's. No record of production.
51	Los Burros	Near W ¹ / ₄ cor. sec. 1, T. 24 S., R. 5 E., M.D.	Not determined		Unpublished records show that the Los Burros Mining and Development Co. produced 40 tons of ore carrying more than an ounce of gold per ton from the Los Burros mine in 1937. There is no other record for this mine, but it possibly is the same as the Los Burros mine indicated on Cape San Martin 15-minute quadrangle (1917 Ed.) of the U.S.G.S.
	Lucky Jim	Approx. W½ sec. 19, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D.	J. C. Krenkle (1935)		Placer and quartz claim mentioned by Franke (35:463) as being located ½ mile from mouth of Plaskett Creek. Located in 1934, a relocation of the Home placer. No known production.
52	Lucky Jim placer	NW ¹ / ₄ sec. 1, T. 24 S., R. 5 E., M.D., west side Alder Creek	Not determined	Placer gravels(?) on Franciscan Formation	Unpatented claim of J. H. McNeil, who produced 6.7 ounces of gold and 2 ounces of silver from placer gravel in 1912. Claim relocated in part as the Lodi No. 2 or No. 3 in 1938.
53	Lucky Moe	S½ sec. 35, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D., Los Burros district	H. Hilton, V. Swanson, and H. Stevens, Los Burros, c/o Big Sur (1959)	Franciscan sandstone and other rocks reportedly cut by two veins 4 to 6 inches thick striking N 80° E and dipping 45°S or steeper. Vein outcrops obliterated by surface cuts, but dump material consists of broken vein quartz and calcite intercalated with fault gouge containing finely-divided gold with pyrite and chalcopyrite	Unpatented lode claim; a relocation in part of the Condor group (which see). Developed by a 30-foot incline shaft driven north with a short drift to the east. Another short shaft lies immediately to the east. Records show that Elmo Soutlemoir produced a minor amount of gold in 1948. In 1953, E. A. Brewer, S. A. Gray and D. Page shipped 5 tons of ore to Selby for smelting and 4 ounces gold, 3 ounces silver, and 21 pounds copper were obtained. 25 tons of ore were reported on the dump in 1959 and minor production was recorded in 1963.
	Mammoth				See Mary S.
	Manchester (Blue Jay)	N ¹ / ₄ cor. sec. 2, T. 24 S., R. 5 E., M.D.	Not determined	One or two veins striking north- east and dipping southeast be- tween a "slate hanging wall and serpentine footwall" (Pres- ton 93:261).	The claim was active 1887–1893 and 1903; developed by 2 adits 60 and 100 feet long and a 27-foot shaft with a 30-foot drift. (Irelan 88:407; Preston 93:261) Relocated as the Mary S Extension (which see) in 1908 and possibly in part as the Blue Jay (which see) (Waring and Bradley 19:605). Probably some early production, but there is no record of this.
	Manzanita	SW1/4 sec. 36, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D.	Not determined		Mentioned and located by Preston (93:260). Reportedly developed by a 15-foot incline on a 2-foot vein of quartz. No record of production. Relocated as the Pine (which see) and other claims.
	Marion placer				See Plaskett placer.
	Mariposa	NE1/4 sec. 2 or N1/2 sec. 1, T. 24 S., R. 5 E., M.D.	W. and R. Pugh, Rt. 1, Box 92, Soledad, and Don- ald Lazier (1960)	Quartz vein with free gold and arsenopyrite	Waring and Bradley (19:605) state the Mariposa mine consists of the Blue Jay No. 1 and 2 (which see), San Lucas, Protection and McKinley claims and is developed by a 60-foot inclined shaft and 30 feet of drift. No record of production. In 1960, W. Pugh stated the above group of claims was still owned by his family and that there was about 300 feet of adits on Blue Jay Nos. 1 and 2. He included the Mariposa claim, located in NW1/4 sec 1(?), in the group.
	Mars				See West Extension No. 1.
	Mary S (Mammoth)	SE1/4 sec. 35, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D.	Buclimo Mining Co., 1361 7th Ave., San Francisco (1959)		A patented lode claim used as a mill site for the Buclimo mine (which see). No known production. A relocation of the Mammoth claim mentioned by Preston (93:260).
	Mary S Extension	N½ corner sec. 2, T. 24 S., R., 5 E., M.D.	Buclimo Mining Co., 1361 7th Ave., San Francisco (1959)		Essentially a relocation of the Manchester (which see). Now a patented claim of the Buclimo (which see). No record of production.
54	Melville (M.M. mine)	W½ sec. 35, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D., along Willow Creek road	Melville Consolidated Mines, including G. W. and K. P. Melville, c/o Big Sur, and others of the Melville family, (1959)	Franciscan Formation, mainly sand- stone, cut by small veins of quartz in shear zones and a large, nonmineralized vein of bluish quartz, which generally strike west to northwest and dip steeply north	Consists of 12–14 lode and placer claims and 3 mill sites developed by at least 9 adits, 2 shafts, several short drifts and several surface cuts and pits. Some of the workings are inaccessible, but are estimated to total over 1000 feet in length. The mine group has been in litigation since 1933 and there has been little development in recent years. There is no record of production, but some gold may have been obtained prior to 1900. (Irelan 88:408; Hill 23:328; Laizure 25:40; Franke 35:463–464).

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	Miller claim	Not determined	Not determined		Unpublished records show that G. A. Miller produced a minor amount of gold and silver from a placer claim in 1932. The claim location is not known, but it may have been located in the Los Burros district along the north fork of Willow Creek near the Yellow Quartz claim, also owned by Miller at that time.
55	Miner's Gulch area	Sec. 33, T. 17 S., R. 7 E., M.D., 3 to 4 miles north of Metz	Not determined	Minor gravel deposits	Gold has been reported from the stream gravel in Miner's Gulch, a tributary to Chalone Creek. A number of small prospects were opened along the gulch, mostly in sec. 33, but nothing important was found (Andrews 36:33, map). No record of production.
	M.M. mine	***************************************			See Melville.
56	New York	NE1/4 sec. 1, T. 24 S., R. 5 E., M.D.	John Lazier and Ade Har- boldt, Pacific Grove (1959)	าและการการการการการการการการการการการการการก	Includes the New York, Triangle and California claims, and possibly the Good Deal. (Hill 23:327, Laizure 25:40, Franke 35:464, Goodwin 57:571, herein.)
	None Such	Not determined	Not determined		Unpublished records show that S. O. Pugh produced 1.74 ounces of gold from 3 tons of free milling ore of the None Such claim in 1909. According to W. W. Pugh, son of S. O. Pugh, this claim was located on the South Fork Willow Creek and was productive of placer gold, being worked out and abandoned around 1915 (personal communication, 1960).
	North Extension	************************			See East Extension No. 1.
	Nugget Gulch				See Gillis claims.
	Ocean View	***************************************			See PLASKETT.
	Old Man of the Mountains	Approx. SW1 <u>//</u> sec. 35, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D.	Not determined	Stringers of vein quartz in Fran- ciscan rocks	Mentioned by Irelan (88:408) as lying west of the Ophir and being developed by 3 adits totalling 185 feet. Some placer gold reportedly produced after heavy rains in 1889. Probably relocated several times and now is part of the Melville (which see).
	Ophir	SW1/4 sec. 35, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D.	Not determined	Franciscan rocks cut by stringers of quartz mixed with slate	Mentioned by Irelan (88:408) as lying west of the Grand Pacific. It was worked by an adit and inclined shaft, each being 30 feet long. Probably now part of the Melville (which see).
	Olivene				See Bauman claims.
	Ora F No. 2	*******	******************		See Grizzly (also see Buclimo).
	Oregon	SE14 sec. 35, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D.	Mrs. Margaret Krenkle(?), Jolon (1959)		The Oregon mine reportedly consists of the Oregon and Cool Springs claims, and is developed by a 128-foot adit, 80 feet of drifts and a 50-foot raise (Waring and Bradley 19:605: Laizure 25:41, Franke 35:464). The above workings are believed to apply only to the Cool Springs (which see) in sec. 1. According to Doreen Krenkle, the Oregon claim is not contiguous with the Cool Springs and lies south of the Mary S claim of the Buclimo. The Oregon claim is said to be developed by a 200-foot adit, driven north, and intersected by an incline shaft at 100 feet. Some oxidized ore was reportedly produced from the shaft and milled in an arrastra about 1900. However, there is no record of production. The Oregon probably is a relocation of the Pine Cone mentioned by Preston (93:260, map).
	Oro Grande	************			See PLASKETT placer.
	Pine Cone	***************************************			See Oregon.
57	PLASKETT (Howard Ocean View)	, NE1/4 sec. 19 and NW1/4 sec. 20, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D.	Jessie E. PLASKETT, 123 Winham St., Salinas, and Violet M. Lowe, Gorda Station, c/o Big Sur, also Allvec Mining Co., Rm. 615, 610 S. Broad- way, Los Angeles (1960)		Consists of 4 patented lode claims (Ocean View, Lilac, Blackberry, Hollyberry), 3 of which were productive. (Davis 12.807), Waring and Bradley 19:603, 605, Hill 23:326, 329; Laizure 25:41; Franke 35:464, herein.)
58	PLASKETT placer	. Approx. N½ corner sec. 27, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., on North Fork Willow Creek	Not determined		Productive placer deposit consisting of the Marion and Oro Grande claims. Probably relocated in part as the Humbug (which see). (Davis 12:697; Waring and Bradley 19:603; Hill 23:326; herein.)
	Providence				See Bauman claims.
	Queen	SE1/4 sec. 35, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D.	*******************	Northeast striking, westerly dipping velns in "slate".	Mentioned by Preston (93:260, 261). Developed by 3 short adits. (Waring and Bradley 19:605). It is now the Pine claim of the Buclimo (which see).

Map No.	Name of claim, mine, or group	Location	Owner (Name, address)	Geology	Remarks and references
59	Queen Hattie	SW1/4 sec. 21, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D.	Marty Hess, Los Burros and A. C. Wolk, Skagway, Alaska (1962)	Franciscan sandstone and slate cut by veinlets of quartz associated with fault gouge.	Unpatented claim located south of the Goodrich. According to the present owner it was discovered in the 1890's by John Bushnell, who obtained gold from an inclined shaft about 1900. The ore was reported to occur in a north-trending shear zone. Other workings consist of an inaccessible, short adit driven northwest and an adit driven to the east and partly caved. The latter was being cleaned out in 1960. There is no record of production.
	Ralston Mining Co			•	See Spruce Creek placer.
	Rocky Bar	Sec. 23, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D.	Nellie Binns (1937)	Placer gravel, probably on North Fork of Willow Creek.	According to unpublished records 1.17 ounces of gold were produced from this claim by P. J. Smith in 1932. The gold was obtained from 40 cubic yards of gravel by small scale hand methods.
60	Ruby placer	Approx. NW1/4 sec. 22, T. 22 S., R. 7 E., M.D., 3 miles northwest of Jolon.	Hunter-Liggett Military Reservation or Milpitas Rancho	Quaternary stream gravel	In 1914, an attempt to recover gold from gravel in Old Man Canyon was made by the Hess brothers, who dammed the canyon and dredged the ponds formed from flood waters. By means of a trommel screen and riffles, as much as 50 cents worth of gold per cubic yard was recovered, but the operation was unsuccessful (Waring and Bradley 19:606, Laizure 25:41; Weidman 58:202). No record of production. Also see Jolon area under introduction to Gold section (herein).
	San Anton	Not determined	Not determined	Stream gravels (?)	Unpublished records show a little more than one ounce of placer gold was produced in 1935 by Lee Aston who employed small scale hand methods.
	Scorpion	Not determined			Prospect developed by 30 feet of workings (Irelan 88:409, 410). No known production.
	South Extension			* **************	See West Extension No. 1.
⁸ 61	Spruce Creek placer	Mainly sec. 3 and 4, T. 24 S., R. 5 E., M.D.	Multiple	333 (33) 3433 (34) (34) (34)	More than 1,000 ounces of placer gold have been produced along South Fork Willow Creek (previously known as "Spruce" Creek) by Ralston Mining Co. and other individuals. (Herein).
	Stonewall	* Approx. sec. 34, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D.	Not determined	"2-foot vein of quartz mixed with slaty matter, dipping to the northeast at angle of 45 de- grees." Ore shows galena sparsely distributed in vein (Irelan 88:409).	Claim located 1300 feet west of Melville mine (Irelan 88:409). No known development.
	Toro Quartz	SE1/4 sec. 33, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D.	James Brown (?), Soquel (1959)	Franciscan rocks	Franke (35:464) mentions that J. W. Mathers developed this claim by a 25-foot shaft and 2 tunnels, one of which was 60 feet long. The claim was reportedly owned by a Mr. Hulen and, later, James Brown. When visited in 1959, numerous adits and prospect pits were seen along Willow Creek road and the private road south to South Fork Willow Creek. The adits were more or less inaccessible and the claim was idle. No known production.
	West Extension No. 1 (Mars, South Exten- sion)	S1/4 cor. sec. 35, T. 23 S., R. 5 E., M.D.	Buclimo Mining Co., 1361 7th St., San Francisco (1959)		Lode claim originally located as the Mars claim in 1887. In 1888, the workingsconsisted of a 75-foot adit driven northerly to intersect the Last Chance (Buclimo) vein (Irelan 88:407). The Mars claim was relocated about 1890 as the South Extension and in 1908 as the West Extension No. 1 of the Buclimo (which see). The patent plat of the Buclimo shows a 700-foot adit extending north from this claim to the adjacent Charleston claim. This may be a tunnel driven in 1889 to drain the Charleston (which see), but never completed.
	Yellow Quartz				See Bushnell.
	(Unnamed)	Sec. 26 or 27(?), T. 18 S., R. 5 E., M.D.	Not determined		Gold prospect on the north branch of Little Sur River mentioned by Fiedler (44:247). Adits, now inaccessible, were developed in non-mineralized, quartz-rich pegmatite. No record of production.

LEAD

Alisal Ranch	 ******************	************	See under Silver.
New York	 	*******************	See under Gold.
Stonewall	 ***************************************		See under Gold.